



INDIAN SCHOOL NIZWA - WORKSHEET

MATHEMATICS

CH-12. Linear Programming

Practice Questions

Name _____

Date: 26/01/2025

Class: XII Sec: A

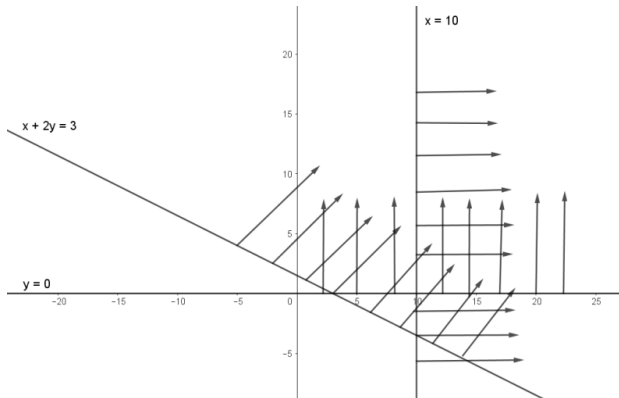
1.	<p>Solve the following linear programming problem graphically: Maximise $Z = 4x + y$ subject to the constraints:</p> $x + y \leq 50$ $3x + y \leq 90$ $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$
2.	<p>Solve the following linear programming problem graphically: Minimise $Z = 200x + 500y$ subject to the constraints:</p> $x + 2y \geq 10$ $3x + 4y \leq 24$ $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$
3.	<p>Solve the following problem graphically: Minimise and Maximise $Z = 3x + 9y$ subject to the constraints:</p> $x + 3y \leq 60$ $x + y \geq 10$ $x \leq y$ $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$
4.	<p>Determine graphically the minimum value of the objective function</p> $Z = -50x + 20y$ <p>subject to the constraints:</p> $2x - y \geq -5$ $3x + y \geq 3$ $2x - 3y \leq 12$ $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$
5.	<p>Minimise $Z = 3x + 2y$ subject to the constraints:</p> $x + y \geq 8$ $3x + 5y \leq 15$ $x \geq 0, y \geq 0$



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6.

The constraints of a linear programming problem along with their graphs is shown below:
 $x + 2y \geq 3$, $x \geq 10$, $y \geq 0$



Which of the following inequality may be removed so that the feasible region remains the same in above graph?

- (A) $x + 2y \geq 3$
- (B) $x \geq 10$
- (C) $y \geq 0$
- (D) $x \geq 0$

7.

Consider the following Linear Programming Problem:

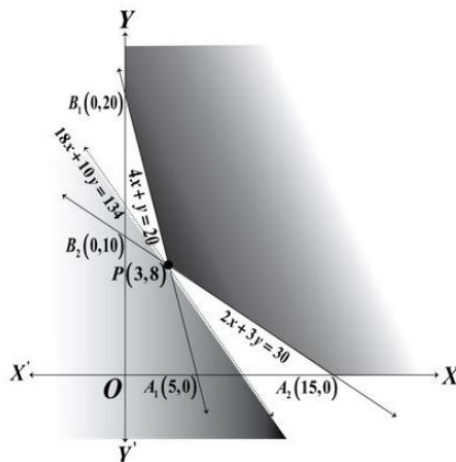
Minimise $Z = x + 2y$

Subject to $2x + y \geq 3$, $x + 2y \geq 6$, $x, y \geq 0$.

Show graphically that the minimum of Z occurs at more than two points

8.

The corresponding objective function is: $Z = 18x + 10y$, which has to be minimized. The smallest value of the objective function Z is 134 and is obtained at the corner point $(3, 8)$.



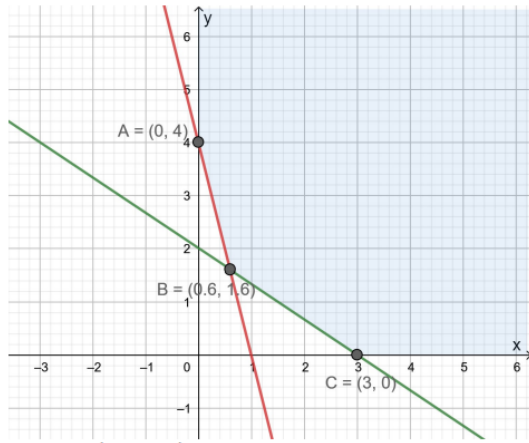


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	<p>The optimal solution of the above linear programming problem _____.</p> <p>(A) does not exist as the feasible region is unbounded.</p> <p>(B) does not exist as the inequality $18x + 10y < 134$ does not have any point in common with the feasible region.</p> <p>(C) exists as the inequality $18x + 10y > 134$ has infinitely many points in common with the feasible region.</p> <p>(D) exists as the inequality $18x + 10y < 134$ does not have any point in common with the feasible region.</p>
9.	<p>The corner points of the bounded feasible region determined by a system of linear constraints are $(0,3)$, $(1,1)$ and $(3,0)$. Let $Z = px + qy$, where $p, q > 0$. The condition on p and q so that the minimum of Z occurs at $(3,0)$ and $(1,1)$ is</p> <p>(a) $p = 2q$ (b) $p = \frac{q}{2}$ (c) $p = 3q$ (d) $p = q$</p>
10.	<p>The feasible region corresponding to the linear constraints of a Linear Programming Problem is given below.</p> <p>Which of the following is not a constraint to the given Linear Programming Problem?</p> <p>(a) $x + y \geq 2$ (b) $x + 2y \leq 10$ (c) $x - y \geq 1$ (d) $x - y \leq 1$</p>
11.	<p>Solve the following Linear Programming Problem graphically:</p> <p>Minimize: $z = x + 2y$,</p> <p>subject to the constraints: $x + 2y \geq 100$, $2x - y \leq 0$, $2x + y \leq 200$, $x, y \geq 0$.</p>
12.	<p>Solve the following Linear Programming Problem graphically:</p> <p>Maximize: $z = -x + 2y$,</p> <p>subject to the constraints: $x \geq 3$, $x + y \geq 5$, $x + 2y \geq 6$, $y \geq 0$.</p>
13.	<p>The corner points of the shaded unbounded feasible region of an LPP are $(0, 4)$, $(0.6, 1.6)$ and $(3, 0)$ as shown in the figure. The minimum value of the objective function $Z = 4x + 6y$ occurs at</p>



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- (a) $(0.6, 1.6)$ only (b) $(3, 0)$ only (c) $(0.6, 1.6)$ and $(3, 0)$ only
(d) at every point of the line-segment joining the points $(0.6, 1.6)$ and $(3, 0)$

14.

Solve the following Linear Programming Problem graphically:

Maximize $Z = 400x + 300y$ subject to $x + y \leq 200, x \leq 40, x \geq 20, y \geq 0$